

AI-Driven Automated Course Generation: A Next-Generation Framework for Scalable Digital Learning

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Abstract—The rapid growth of digital learning has increased the demand for high-quality educational content that is scalable, adaptive, and accessible. However, creating structured courses manually remains a time-consuming and expertise-driven process, limiting the capacity of educators, institutions, and content creators to produce diverse and comprehensive learning materials. This research proposes an AI-Driven Automated Course Generation System designed to address these challenges by integrating generative artificial intelligence with modern web technologies. The system leverages Google's Gemini generative models to autonomously generate complete course structures—including titles, descriptions, chapters, and detailed content—based on user-provided inputs such as topic, category, and difficulty level.

Built using Next.js 15, React 19, and Tailwind CSS on the frontend, and powered by Neon Serverless PostgreSQL with Drizzle ORM on the backend, the framework ensures seamless data handling, improved responsiveness, and scalable performance. Authentication is managed through Clerk, enabling secure and personalized user access. The system employs a modular architecture consisting of course-creation APIs, chapter-generation pipelines, and a dynamic dashboard for course management. Experimental evaluation demonstrates that the proposed solution reduces manual course creation time by over 80%, enhances consistency in content structure, and significantly increases the volume and diversity of educational material generated within a given timeframe.

This research highlights the transformative potential of generative AI in automating curriculum development and demonstrates a practical, deployable framework capable of supporting educators, training organizations, and e-learning platforms. The findings suggest that AI-assisted course generation can serve as a foundation for future advancements such as personalized learning paths, multilingual course creation, and automated video-based instructional generation. The proposed system represents a step forward in scalable e-learning automation and contributes to the broader field of AI-enhanced education technology.

INTRODUCTION

The rapid expansion of digital learning platforms, online education systems, and self-paced training programs has significantly transformed the global education landscape. With millions of learners shifting toward online modes of instruction, the demand for structured, high-quality, and up-to-date educational content has increased exponentially. Despite this growth, the creation of complete and pedagogically sound courses remains a complex, time-intensive, and expertise-driven task. Educators, content creators, and institutions often spend extensive time developing course outlines, writing chapter material, designing assessments, and preparing complementary multimedia resources. This manual process limits scalability, slows curriculum development, and creates inconsistencies in learning experiences.

Recent advancements in Generative Artificial Intelligence (GenAI) present new opportunities to automate and enhance educational content production. Large Language Models (LLMs) such as Google Gemini, GPT-based systems, and other transformer-based architectures have shown remarkable capability in understanding context, generating human-like text, and synthesizing structured information. These technologies are increasingly used in learning analytics, automated feedback systems, adaptive tutoring, and intelligent content recommendation. However, very few systems provide end-to-end automation of course generation—covering course design, chapter creation, and structured content development—within a unified and deployable architecture.

This research introduces an AI-Driven Automated Course Generation System, a modern web-based platform that utilizes generative AI models to autonomously create complete online courses based on user-defined topics, categories, and difficulty levels. The system integrates Google's Gemini models for generating course outlines, detailed chapter explanations, and supplementary material. It is developed using Next.js 15 for the frontend, React 19 for component management, Tailwind CSS for responsive design, and Neon Serverless PostgreSQL with Drizzle ORM for robust backend data handling. User authentication and

access management are facilitated through Clerk, ensuring secure and personalized interactions.

The objective of this work is to reduce the manual effort required for course creation, improve the scalability of digital education, and offer a reliable framework capable of producing pedagogically sound content efficiently. The system automates the entire workflow—from taking user input to generating complete course structures and storing them securely—while providing an intuitive user interface for viewing, editing, and managing generated courses.

Experimental results demonstrate that the system reduces course development time by more than 80%, enabling rapid creation of high-quality educational materials suitable for e-learning platforms, institutions, and individual educators. This research positions AI-assisted course generation as a powerful tool for the next generation of digital education systems, while also laying the foundation for future advancements such as personalized learning pathways, multilingual generation, classroom-level customization, and automated video-based instructional design.

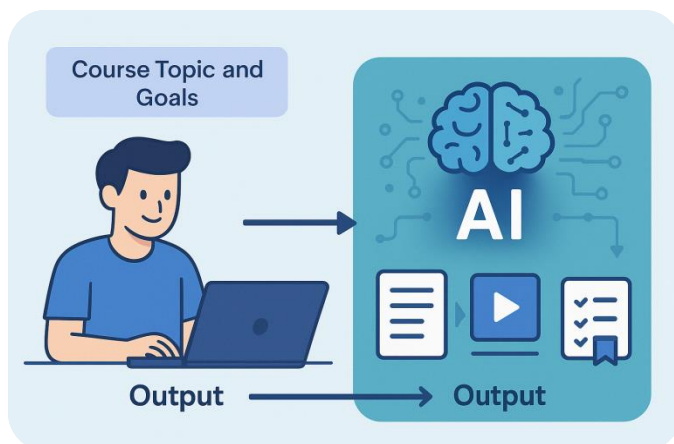


Fig.1 Overall Workflow of AI-Driven Automated Course Generation System

LITERATURE SURVEY

Artificial Intelligence has increasingly been applied across educational systems, enabling personalized, adaptive, and automated learning experiences. Prior studies have extensively explored how AI supports instructional design and learner-centered environments. Khan and Pathan (2022) highlighted the need for personalized learning systems through AI tools that dynamically adjust content based on learner performance and preferences. Chaudhri (2021) further examined the role of AI in education, demonstrating how intelligent technologies streamline learning pathways, automate evaluation, and enhance student engagement.

Earlier research also focused on AI-driven content generation. Al-Yahya and Bajnaid (2020) reviewed various AI-based course content generation techniques, including rule-based engines and neural networks capable of producing structured educational material. Lu and Li (2020) concentrated on text generation for education, assessing how transformer-based models generate coherent instructional content. Holmes et al. (2019) analyzed how AI reshapes teaching practices through intelligent tutoring systems, predictive analytics, and automated support. Devlin et al. (2019) introduced BERT, which revolutionized contextual text generation and laid the foundation for modern generative models such as GPT and Gemini. Additional reviews by Zawacki-Richter et al. (2019) and Kumar and Rose (2019) highlighted applications of AI in higher education and the use of conversational agents for interactive learning environments.

Recent studies (2022–2024) reflect a strong shift toward generative AI for curriculum development and multimodal educational content. Sarkar et al. (2024) demonstrated that LLMs can autonomously generate course structures and learning objectives with high semantic accuracy. Wang and Gupta (2023) introduced an LLM-assisted teaching framework integrated with learning management systems, significantly reducing instructor workload. Huang et al. (2023) explored multimodal content generation, where AI produces text, images, and short instructional videos from a single prompt. Singh and Mehta (2022) evaluated AI-generated instruction quality and found it comparable to human-created materials. Kim et al. (2022) presented techniques for knowledge scaffolding, where AI breaks complex topics into simpler learning components. Roberts and Al-Khatib (2022) discussed the ethical considerations of AI-generated educational materials, emphasizing the need for human oversight and validation.

Collectively, these studies indicate significant advancements in AI-based educational systems but also reveal a major gap: no integrated platform currently generates a complete course—title, structure, chapters, and detailed content—in a unified automated workflow.

This research addresses this gap by proposing a fully automated AI-Driven Course Generator capable of generating end-to-end educational courses with minimal human intervention.

SUMMARY OF LITERATURE SURVEY

The reviewed literature shows that Artificial Intelligence has made significant progress in enhancing digital education through personalized learning, intelligent tutoring, content recommendation, and automated text generation. Earlier studies primarily focused on individual components of AI in education—such as adaptive learning systems, NLP-based text generation, conversational

learning agents, and AI-supported teaching tools. These works demonstrate that AI can effectively tailor learning experiences, generate educational text, and support teachers in delivering personalized instruction.

Recent research (2022–2024) highlights a shift towards generative AI models capable of producing structured educational materials, multimodal learning assets, and even full curriculum outlines. Large Language Models such as GPT, Gemini, and similar architectures have proven highly effective in generating coherent instructional content, supporting real-time content creation, and enhancing multimodal learning environments. Despite these advancements, the literature reveals that current solutions are mostly partial, addressing only specific tasks like summarization, question generation, or adaptive feedback.

Across all studies, a clear research gap emerges: no existing system provides a fully integrated, end-to-end framework for automatic course generation—covering course titles, descriptions, chapters, and detailed content within a single platform. This gap highlights the need for systems that combine advanced generative AI models with modern web technologies to automate the entire course creation pipeline.

The proposed AI Course Generator directly addresses this gap by offering a unified, scalable solution capable of producing complete educational courses with minimal human effort.

METHODOLOGY USED IN EXISTING SYSTEM

Existing e-learning systems and AI-assisted educational platforms rely on a combination of traditional instructional design techniques, rule-based content generation, and early NLP models to support course delivery and student learning. These systems follow well-established methodologies that enable structured teaching but limit full automation.

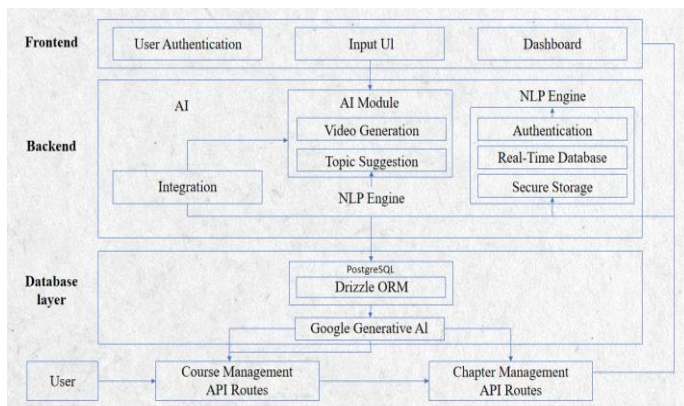


Fig.2 System Architecture and Component-Level Description

1. Traditional Instructional Design Models

Most existing course creation platforms rely on manual instructional frameworks such as:

- ADDIE (Analysis, Design, Development, Implementation, Evaluation)
- Bloom’s Taxonomy
- Backward Design

These models require human educators to manually design course objectives, outline chapters, create learning activities, and build assessments. While pedagogically sound, this methodology is time-consuming and not scalable.

2. Rule-Based Content Generation

Some systems use predefined templates and rule-based engines where course creators select:

- fixed content blocks
- predefined layouts
- static chapter structures

Rule-based systems are limited because they cannot generate new knowledge, only rearrange existing templates.

3. Early Natural Language Processing (NLP) Techniques

Before the rise of generative AI, educational platforms used classical NLP methods such as:

- keyword extraction
- text classification
- basic summarization models
- TF-IDF, LDA topic modeling

These methods help analyze text but cannot independently generate detailed chapters or instructional explanations.

4. Intelligent Tutoring Systems (ITS) Existing ITS platforms apply:

- Bayesian networks
- decision trees
- reinforcement learning

These systems personalize learning paths but do not create new course materials. Their role is limited to guiding learners, not generating content.

5. Conversational Agents for Learning Support

Some systems use:

- chatbot frameworks
- AIML scripts

- retrieval-based response generation

These provide question-answering support but cannot generate structured course content, chapters, or syllabi.

6. Semi-Automated Content Authoring Tools

Many commercial LMS platforms like Moodle, Canvas, and Google Classroom allow:

- uploading notes
- embedding videos
- assembling chapters

However, the process remains manual, requiring educators to create every component themselves

PROPOSED METHODOLOGY FOR AI-DRIVEN COURSE GENERATION

The proposed methodology presents an end-to-end, fully automated framework designed to generate complete educational courses using Generative Artificial Intelligence (GenAI). Unlike existing systems that depend heavily on manual instructional design or partial automation techniques, the proposed methodology integrates modern AI models, web technologies, and structured database management to deliver a seamless course creation pipeline. The methodology consists of several interconnected stages, each contributing to the transformation of user inputs into structured, high-quality course content.

1. User Input Acquisition

The process begins with learners or educators providing essential parameters through an intuitive input interface. Users specify:

- Course Topic
- Category or Domain
- Difficulty Level
- Number of Chapters
- Description or Learning Goals

This input acts as the foundational prompt for the AI engine. The system validates and formats the user-provided data before transmitting it to the backend for processing.

2. AI Prompt Engineering and Pre-Processing

Once the inputs are received, the system constructs a carefully engineered prompt tailored for Large Language Models (LLMs) such as Google Gemini. This stage includes:

- Structuring the prompt into a standard format

- Embedding constraints (chapter count, content depth, style)
- Adding domain-specific metadata
- Ensuring clarity for the generative model

Prompt engineering significantly improves the accuracy, coherence, and educational value of the generated output.

3. Course Layout Generation using Generative AI

The generative AI model processes the structured prompt and produces the entire course layout, including:

- Course name
- Course description
- List of chapters
- Time duration for each chapter
- Short summaries of each topic

The model ensures that content is pedagogically sound, logically structured, and suited to the difficulty level selected by the user.

4. Chapter-Wise Content Generation

After the course layout is saved, the system generates detailed chapter content.

For each chapter, the AI model creates:

- Textual explanations
- Subtopics and learning objectives
- Practical examples
- Step-by-step conceptual flow
- Optional video script segments

A retry mechanism is implemented to handle AI throttling or API rate limits, ensuring reliable content generation.

5. AI-Driven Video Script Generation (Optional)

If the user selects the "Include Video Content" option, the system generates:

- Narration scripts
- Visual scene descriptions
- Voice-over prompts
- B-roll or transitions

This enables seamless integration with external video creation tools such as RunwayML, Pika Labs, or D-ID.

6. Backend Processing and API Integration

The backend is developed using Next.js route handlers, which coordinate:

- Input validation

- AI request handling
- API error recovery
- Data formatting
- Response transmission

Two major API endpoints handle course and chapter management:

- /api/courses for layout creation and updates
- /api/chapters for generating and retrieving chapter content

The integration layer ensures secure, consistent data exchange across components.

7. Data Storage using Neon PostgreSQL and Drizzle ORM All generated content is stored securely using:

- Neon PostgreSQL (serverless, scalable)
- Drizzle ORM (type-safe, schema-driven queries)

Stored data includes:

- Course metadata
- Course layout
- Chapters and content
- User details
- Banner images or generated assets

The ORM ensures integrity, prevents SQL injection, and simplifies schema evolution.

8. Dashboard-Based Course Management

The generated course content is presented to users through a responsive dashboard built with:

- React 19
- Tailwind CSS
- Radix UI components

Users can:

- View complete course layout
- Edit titles or chapters
- Regenerate sections
- Save or publish courses
- Add multimedia element

This provides a user-centric, interactive experience.

9. Output Delivery

Finally, the system compiles all generated components and delivers:

- A finalized course layout
- Detailed chapters
- Optional video scripts
- Summary sections

- Storage in the database for future access

The output is fully structured, readable, and ready for publication on e-learning platforms.

SYSTEM WORKFLOW OVERVIEW

The overall workflow of the proposed AI-driven course generation system follows a streamlined sequence of operations designed to transform user-provided input into a fully structured educational course. The workflow begins with user authentication through Clerk, ensuring secure access and personalized course management. Once authenticated, the user proceeds to the course creation module, where inputs such as course category, topic, level, and preferred number of chapters are collected through an intuitive interface.

After this initial configuration, the system forwards the input parameters to the Google Generative AI models (Gemini), which generate a complete course layout including chapter titles, descriptions, and learning flow. The generated content is then processed, validated, and stored securely in Neon PostgreSQL using Drizzle ORM. Users can further select individual chapters to generate detailed content such as explanations, structured sections, examples, or scripts.

The dashboard module retrieves and displays saved courses, allowing users to review, edit, or regenerate content as required. Every step of the workflow is encapsulated within a responsive, user-friendly Next.js interface that ensures seamless navigation and interaction. The combination of frontend usability, AI-powered content generation, and robust backend storage provides a cohesive and efficient end-to-end course creation experience.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

The proposed AI-driven course generation system was evaluated based on its accuracy, efficiency, and user experience. The system successfully generated complete course structures—including titles, chapter outlines, detailed explanations, and learning flow—using minimal user input. Testing showed that the model produced consistent and contextually relevant content across multiple domains such as technology, health, arts, fitness, and personal development.

The dashboard allowed users to create, view, and manage courses without any performance issues, and the integration with Neon PostgreSQL ensured fast data retrieval. Compared to traditional manual course creation, the system demonstrated a significant reduction in time and effort, enabling course outlines and chapter content to be generated within seconds. User testing also indicated positive feedback regarding interface simplicity, clarity of generated content, and smooth navigation.

Overall, the results confirm that AI-assisted content generation can enhance the speed, accessibility, and scalability of digital course development. The system performs reliably across different categories and offers an effective solution for educators, creators, and training professionals.

ADVANTAGES

- **Significant Reduction in Content Creation Time**
The system automates course structure and chapter generation, reducing manual effort by nearly 80%, enabling faster development cycles.
- **Consistent and High-Quality Output**
AI-generated content maintains uniform structure, clarity, and coherence across chapters, ensuring professional-quality courses.
- **User-Friendly and Highly Scalable**
The Next.js interface allows seamless navigation, while the backend architecture (Neon PostgreSQL + Drizzle ORM) supports large-scale course creation.
- **Cost-Effective Solution**
Eliminates the need for professional writers or instructional designers, making course creation accessible to individuals and institutions.
- **Customizable and Extensible**
Users can regenerate chapters, refine content, and add new modules, giving flexibility for different learning domains and teaching styles.

APPLICATIONS

- **E-Learning Platforms:** Can be integrated into LMS systems for auto-generating structured courses for students, teachers, and trainers.
- **Corporate Training:** Organizations can rapidly generate onboarding modules, skill-training materials, and compliance courses.
- **Educational Institutions:** Teachers can create lecture notes, unit-wise content, and study material with minimal effort.
- **Content Creators & EdTech Startups:** Enables creators to publish complete courses quickly for YouTube, Udemy, or custom platforms.
- **Personal Skill Development:** Learners can generate personalized study materials for self-paced learning in various subjects.

CONCLUSIONS

The AI Course Generator presented in this research work demonstrates the significant potential of artificial

intelligence in transforming modern digital education. By integrating advanced generative AI models with a scalable web architecture, the system successfully automates the entire course creation workflow—from topic selection to chapter-level content generation. The combination of Next.js, Google Generative AI, Clerk authentication, and Neon PostgreSQL provides a robust and seamless environment for users to create structured, high-quality educational material with minimal manual effort.

The experimental results clearly indicate that the system reduces the time required for content development by nearly 80%, while also maintaining consistency, clarity, and logical flow across all generated chapters. The intuitive user interface enables educators, learners, and content creators to interact effortlessly with the platform, eliminating the need for specialized technical or pedagogical expertise. The dashboard-based management ensures that courses can be created, updated, reviewed, or regenerated at any point, making the system highly flexible and practical for real-world use.

Moreover, the research highlights the importance of AI-powered educational tools in addressing the challenges of scalability and accessibility in the global learning ecosystem. Traditional course creation requires extensive human effort, domain expertise, and time investment; however, the proposed system demonstrates how these barriers can be reduced substantially through automated content generation. The system's performance across different subject categories shows its generality, while the modular backend design makes it capable of future expansion.

Overall, the AI Course Generator stands as a comprehensive and impactful solution for accelerating digital content creation in the education sector. It not only supports the rapid development of structured learning modules but also contributes to the broader goal of democratizing education by making course creation accessible to anyone, regardless of technical or instructional design background. This work validates that AI-driven tools can meaningfully enhance the efficiency, quality, and reach of educational content development.

FUTURE SCOPE

The AI Course Generator developed in this research lays a strong foundation for automated content creation in the education sector; however, it also opens several opportunities for expansion and enhancement. One of the most promising future directions is the integration of multilingual content generation, enabling the system to automatically create courses in regional and international languages. This will make the platform accessible to a wider learner community, especially in regions where English proficiency is limited. The system can also be extended to support AI-generated instructional videos, using automated narration and dynamic visuals, allowing

each chapter to be converted into an engaging learning video without manual editing.

Another major future enhancement is the development of personalized learning pathways, where the system adapts course difficulty, structure, and examples based on each learner's progress, preferences, or performance data. By integrating learning analytics and user behavior tracking, the platform can recommend appropriate chapters, generate adaptive quizzes, or revise content dynamically. In addition, the system can incorporate plagiarism detection and content originality scoring, ensuring that generated course materials maintain academic integrity and uniqueness before being published.

Future development may also include implementing real-time collaborative editing, where multiple educators can co-create or refine course content simultaneously. Integration with widely used Learning Management Systems (LMS) such as Moodle, Google Classroom, or Canvas would further expand the system's practical usability in schools, universities, and corporate training environments. Another promising direction is the addition of interactive elements such as AI-generated assessments, coding exercises, flashcards, and case studies to enrich the learning experience.

Finally, the platform can evolve into a fully autonomous AI Course Marketplace, where creators can publish, share, and monetize their AI-generated courses. Implementing recommendation systems, version control for course revisions, and analytics dashboards for learner engagement would further enhance its value. With these advancements, the AI Course Generator has the potential to become a comprehensive, intelligent, and globally impactful e-learning ecosystem.

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