International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET) IRJET Volume: 09 Issue: 03 | Mar 2022 www.irjet.net

Strength & Durability Investigations on High Strength Performance Concrete Using Recycled Aggregate

Shital H. Jadhav¹, Dr. P. O. Modani²

¹PG Student, Civil Engineering Department, Pankaj Laddhad Institute of Technology & Management Studies, Buldana, Maharashtra, India.

²Assistant Professor, Civil Engineering Department, Pankaj Laddhad Institute of Technology & Management Studies, Buldana, Maharashtra, India.

Abstract - Using recycled aggregates from demolished constructions as a natural aggregate for concrete will become a need to reduce the economy of construction & have a look at the impact of using recycled aggregate as natural combination for excessive-power concrete on the primary houses of highstrength concrete. The intention for this undertaking turned into to decide the electricity and sturdiness traits of excessive power structural concrete by using the use of recycled aggregates, a good way to supply a better expertise at the homes of concrete with recycled aggregates. The exams have been performed by replacing the herbal aggregates in excessive strength concrete mixes by using 0, 10, 20, and 30% of recycled aggregates. The study summarizes the consequences of workability, water absorption, compressive power, flexural electricity. From the experimental investigation it turned into located that recycled aggregates can be used for making high strength concretes by adjusting the w/c ratio and admixture contents of the mix.

Key Words: Recycled aggregate, High performance concrete, Natural Aggregate, Admixtures.

1.INTRODUCTION

Concrete is a globally standard construction cloth in civil engineering industry due to its excessive structural power, stability, and sturdiness. The Indian construction industry consumes approximately 400 million lots of concrete every year and is expected to reach the billion-ton mark in less than a decade. Deterioration, long term negative overall performance, and insufficient resistance to opposed surroundings, coupled with more demands for more stateof-the-art architectural form, led to the increased research into the microstructure of cements and concretes. As a result, innovations of supplementary substances, superior concretes and composites were evolved. Sturdiness associated issues regularly mentioned in concrete systems necessitated the improvement of a durable concrete this is much less depending on the high-quality of creation paintings.

1.1 Materials & mix proportioning

Cement normal Portland cement of 53 grade available in neighborhood market is used inside the investigation. The Cement used has been tested for diverse proportions as in keeping with IS 4031-1988 and located to be confirming to diverse specifications of are 12269-1987. The precise gravity turned into three.1 and fineness become 2280cm2/gm.

First-class combination excellent aggregate used in the research turned into river sand received from local River conforming to quarter II of Indian preferred specification (IS 383-1970). The sand was first sieved via the four.75mm IS sieve to put off any debris above 4.75mm length after which washed to put off the dirt.

Coarse mixture The fabric that is retained on IS sieve no. 475 is called as coarse aggregate. There are two kinds of coarse aggregate used for the research. Regular coarse mixture and recycled coarse combination. The recycled coarse combination.

2. Results & Discussion

2.1 Compressive Strength Test

Graph-1 illustrates the results of compressive strength at 7,14,28 days for M40 Grade of concrete mixes shown in Graph.

Graph -1: Compressive Strength of M40 grade for 10%, 20%,30% Natural Aggregate (Replacement) by Recycled aggregate



Graph-2 illustrates the results of Sulphuric Acid Resistance compressive strength at 7,14,28 days for M40 Grade of concrete mixes shown in Graph.

Graph -2: Sulphuric Acid Resistance Compressive Strength of M40 grade for 10%, 20%, 30% Natural Aggregate (Replacement) by Recycled aggregate

Sulphuric Acid Resista 10%,20%,30% Natur	nce Compressive Strength of M40 grade For ral Aggregate (Replacement) by Recycled aggregate		
ressiv	7 days	14Days	28 days
Contractional concrete curing by 8% of sulphuric acid	39.6	47.03	58.96
 10% Replacement by NCA to RCA curing by 8% addition of Sulphuric acid 	38.88	45.8	58.9
20% Replacement by NCA to RCA curing by 8% addition of Sulphuric acid	35.52	43.02	55
30% Replacement by NCA to RCA curing by 8% addition of Sulphuric acid	32.42	40.96	51.82

Graph-3 illustrates the results of Flexural Strength 28 days for M40 Grade of concrete mixes shown in Graph.

Graph -3: Flexural Strength of M40 grade for 0%, 10%, 20%, 30% Natural Aggregate (Replacement) by Recycled aggregate



3. CONCLUSIONS

1. Reusing RA inside the advent of HPC can upload to the reduced in waste introduced each 12 months.

2. Its miles feasible to use RA as much as 30% substitute with the $\,$ NA, as we get enough compressive strength of HPC.

3. The workability of concrete notably reduced because RA requires a large quantity of water to reach the required hunch.

4. RA concrete have very similar flexure conduct with virgin aggregate concrete.

5. Acidic curing surroundings have less negative impact on compressive strength of concrete curing in acidic water (sulphuric acid).

REFERENCES

- 1) Khaoula `Naouaoui, Azzeddine Bouyahyaoui, Toufik Cherradi "Durability of Recycled Aggregate Concrete" Advances in Science, Technology and Engineering Systems Journal Vol. 6, No. 1, 735-741 (2021)
- 2) Bassam A. Tayeha,*, Doha M. Al Saffarb, Rayed Alyousefc The utilization of recycled aggregate in high performance concrete: a review j m a t e r r e s t e c h n o l. 2 0 2 0;9(4):8469–8481
- 3) Zhiming Ma, 1,2 Qin Tang,1 Dingyi Yang,1 and Guangzhong Ba 2Durability Studies on the Recycled Aggregate Concrete in China over the Past Decade: A ReviewAdvances in Civil Engineering Volume 2019, Article ID 4073130, 19 pages
- 4) N. Sivakumar1, S. Muthukumar2, V. Sivakumar2 D. Gowtham2, V. Muthuraj2 Experimental Studies on High Strength Concrete by using Recycled Coarse Aggregate Research Inventy: International Journal of Engineering And Science Vol.4, Issue 01 (January 2014), PP 27-36
- 5) Ajibola Tijani, Jian Yang, and Samir DirarHigh performance concrete using recycled aggregate, Microsilica and synthetic macro fibreInternational Journal of Civil and Structural Engineering– IJCSE Volume 2: Issue 1 [ISSN : 2372-3971]
- 6) C L Hwang 1, M D Yehualaw1,2 and D H Vo1,3Utilization of Recycled Concrete Aggregate for High Performance Alkali Activated Concrete: Towards a Sustainable Building Solution2019 2nd International Conference on Civil Engineering and Architecture.
- 7) Mohamed Emad Noha M. Soliman Alaa A. Bashandy RECYCLED AGGREGATE HIGH-STRENGTH CONCRETE International Journal of Civil Engineering and Technology (IJCIET) Volume 10, Issue 09, September 2019, pp. 128-146, Article ID: IJCIET_10_09_014.
- 8) P. Saravanakumar Strength and Durability Studies on Geopolymer Recycled Aggregate Concrete International Journal of Engineering & Technology, 7 (2.24) (2018) 370-375 S.
- 9) Gangaram1, V. Bhikshma2, M. Janardhana3 STRENGHT AND DURABILITY ASPECTS OF RECYCLED AGGREGATE CONCRETE IJRET: International Journal of Research in Engineering and Technology eISSN: 2319-1163 | pISSN: 2321-7308.
- 10) Rajat S. Tembhurne Prof. M. M. Makwana Prof. Dr. M. S. Kulkarni, Strength & Durability Parameter of Recycled

Concrete Aggregate IJSTE - International Journal of Science Technology & Engineering Volume 5 | Issue 3 | September 2018.

- 11) Nikhil Buddhe1, Divya Barsagade2, Snehal Bhende3, Akshay Petkule4, Tejaswini Borkar5 Prof. Dr. p.s. Lanjewar6 "HIGH PERFORMANCE CONCRETE USING RECYCLED AGGREGATES" International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET) e-ISSN: 2395-0056 Volume: 07 Issue: 09 | Sep 2020.
- 12) Huynh Trong Phuoc1, Nguyen Tien Dung2, Ngo Si Huy3, Vo Duy Hai4 AN Experimental study on properties of high-performance concrete using recycled aggregates issn 1859-1531 - the university of danang, Journal of science and technology, no. 12(121).2017.
- 13) Sherif Yehia*, Kareem Helal, Anaam Abusharkh, Amani Zaher, and Hiba Istaitiyeh Strength and Durability Evaluation of Recycled Aggregate Concrete International Journal of Concrete Structures and Materials Vol.9, No.2, pp.219–239, June 2015.